ComScire QNG Model PQ4000KU Validation Tests of Randomness

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ComScire QNGmeter: Continuous Random Number Tester.

The ComScire QNGmeter is a continuous real-time statistical tester that uses five powerful and fundamentally different tests on the input data. Unlike other statistical test suites, it is designed to measure the quality of randomness of a continuous sequence of bits up to hundreds of terabits in length. The QNGmeter automatically performs metatests of subsequences, which would have to be done manually by other popular test suites. Every QNG Model PQ4000KU is tested extensively after production and finally just before shipment using the QNGmeter test suite.

The five tests are:

- 1) 1/0 Balance nominal expected value is p(1) = p(0) = 0.5.
- 2) Auto Correlation orders 1 through 32, nominal expected value is 0.5 for all orders.
- Entropy Test nominal expected value is H = 1.0, an update of U. Maurer's "Universal Test" [Cor99].
- 4) Serial Test (Good, I. J, The serial test for sampling numbers and other tests for randomness, *Proc. Camb. Philos. Soc.* Vol. 49, 1953).
- 5) OQSO Overlapping-Quadruples-Sparse-Occupancy test, nominal expected value for the mean = 141909.47 and standard deviation (by simulation) = 294.656 (G. Marsaglia and A. Zaman, *Computers Math. Applic.*, Vol. 26, No. 9, pp 1-10, 1993).

The z-scores, p-values, and chi-square (metatest) p-values are presented for each test. In addition, current test run time information, such as *Bits Tested*, *Elapsed Time*, *Throughput*, and *Bits Tested* %, is displayed by the tester. *Bits Tested* is the total number of bits tested. *Elapsed Time* is the time from the start of the current test run. *Throughput* is the input data rate in bits per second. *Bits Tested* % is the percent of the total bits tested. This value might be less than 100% due to limited CPU resources.

Each test uses blocks of data of varying lengths, depending on the specific test. The 1/0 Balance and Auto Correlation tests use a block size of 65,536 bits. The Serial test has a block size of 262,144 bits. The Entropy test has 4,194,304 bits in a block. The OQSO test uses 10,485,775 bits per block.

A z-score is calculated for every test for each data-block. The z-scores are converted to probabilities with the assumption they are normally distributed. The z-scores of the 1/0 Balance, Auto Correlation and Serial tests and their associated p-values displayed are cumulative for all blocks. The z-scores of the Entropy and OQSO tests are combined by summing the z-scores of all blocks and dividing by the square root of the number of blocks, respectively.

A second level of testing is applied to the p-values calculated from the z-scores for each block of data. The z-scores are expected to be normally distributed and their associated p-values are expected to be uniformly distributed. A chi-square test is applied to the individual p-values from each of the five tests. The chi-square tests are cumulative and their results are displayed as probabilities. If these chi-square p-values converge to 0.0 or 1.0 for any test, the assumption of randomness fails, indicating non-random patterns in the data being tested.

A third level of testing is applied to all of the individual chi-squared tests. A Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS) test is first applied to the probabilities of chi-squared results of all orders of auto correlation being tested to reduce the auto correlation results to a single probability. A meta-meta KS test is finally calculated using the auto correlation KS result and the probabilities of the chisquared metatest results of all the other tests. The meta-meta KS+ and KS- probabilities are displayed. Convergence toward 1.0 or 0.0 indicates failure.

For the hardware validation report, the QNG meter tests were completed on a QNG Model PQ4000KU using 1.27 trillion random bits. All metatest results for the device are recorded in the following Table 1.

ComScire QNGmeter 1.27 Trillion Bits Test						
Testing QNG Dev	vice S/N QWR400	010				
Run Time Ir	nformation	Autocorrelation				
Bits Tested	1.27E+12	Order	p (χ2 ≤ x)			
Time Elapsed	3:16:45:00	1	0.685			
Throughput	4.00E+06	2	0.227			
Meter	38.2+	3	0.531			
1/0 Ba	lance	4	0.682			
p (z ≤ x)	0.746	5	0.998			
p (χ2 ≤ x)	0.510	6	0.015			
Entrop	y Test	7	0.492			
p (z ≤ x)	0.881	8	0.567			
p (χ2 ≤ x)	0.123	9	0.419			
Serial Test		10	0.074			
p (z ≤ x)	0.652	11	0.844			
p (χ2 ≤ x)	0.524	12	0.153			
OQSO (Mo	nkey Test)	13	0.008			
p (z ≤ x)	0.206	14	0.601			
p (χ2 ≤ x)	0.495	15	0.854			
AC Meta	KS- Test	16	0.617			
KS-	0.997	17	0.791			
Meta K	S Test	18	0.082			
KS+	0.601	19	0.025			
KS-	0.646	20	0.579			
		21	0.197			
		22	0.475			
		23	0.934			
		24	0.345			
		25	0.776			
		26	0.687			
		27	0.273			
		28	0.394			
		29	0.832			
		30	0.909			
		31	0.117			
Table 1 ONC		32	0.779			

Table 1 — QNGmeter continuous test results for PQ4000KU.

NIST Statistical Test Suite for the Validation of Random Number Generators.

The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) provides a statistical testing suite, specified in Special Publication 800-22rev1a, consisting of 15 tests that were developed to test the randomness of binary sequences generated by a TRNG or PRNG. The NIST Statistical Test Suite (NIST STS) software and documentation can be downloaded from their <u>Cryptographic Toolkit web page</u>.

The NIST STS source code was compiled on a computer running Ubuntu 18.04. A number of tests were completed to confirm the functionality of the software. The test suite contains sample data files of 1,000,000 bits in length to be analyzed. These include the binary expansions of constants e, π , $\sqrt{2}$ and $\sqrt{3}$. For each sample file, the NIST STS battery of tests were performed and compared to the empirical results found in the SP800-22rev1a documentation Appendix B. Following the confirmation that the test suite is operating properly, a binary file of 1 billion raw random bits in length was generated using our QNG Model PQ4000KU (SN: QWR40005) to be analyzed.

All test results are recorded in the following Table 2. The Block Frequency, Non-overlapping Template Matching, Overlapping Template Matching, Approximate Entropy, Linear Complexity and Serial tests require user prescribed input parameters. The exact values used in these examples have been included in parenthesis beside the name of the statistical test. In the case of the Non-overlapping Templates test, a Kolmogorov-Smirnov test (KS-test) was performed for the collection of 148 *P-values*. In the case of the Random Excursions and Random Excursions Variant tests, KS-tests for the collection of 8 and 18 *P-values*, respectively, have been reported.

NIST Battery of Tests Results		
Statistical Test	P-value	
Frequency	0.564639	
Block Frequency ($m = 128$)	0.246750	
Cumulative Sums-Forward	0.996677	
Cumulative Sums-Reverse	0.295391	
Runs	0.009467	
Long Runs of Ones	0.208837	
Rank	0.065230	
Spectral DFT	0.562591	
Non-overlapping Templates $(m = 9)$	0.486609	
Overlapping Templates $(m = 9)$	0.751866	
Universal	0.200115	
Approximate Entropy $(m = 10)$	0.607993	
Random Excursions	0.010239	
Random Excursions Variant	0.896669	
Linear Complexity ($m = 500$)	0.000876	
Serial (m = 16, $\nabla \Psi_{\rm m}^2$)	0.508172	
Serial (m = 16, $\nabla^2 \Psi_m^2$)	0.066465	

Table 2 — NIST Test Suite Results for PQ4000KU.

DIEHARD: A Battery of Tests of Randomness.

The DIEHARD Battery of Tests of Randomness, developed by Prof. George Marsaglia, contains a collection of 15 tests to examine the randomness of binary sequences generated by a TRNG or PRNG. The complete testing suite, including documentation and software, can be found from the DIEHARD archived website¹. Windows executable files are provided for simple use of the testing suite. The DIEHARD tests require a large binary file of random integers, at least 80 million bits, to be tested. Therefore, a binary file of 80 million raw random bits in length was generated using our QNG Model PQ4000KU (SN: QWR40001) to be analyzed.

For the generated random data file all of the statistical tests were applied and the resulting *p*-values recorded in the following Table 3. In the case of the Birthday Spacings, Binary Rank (6x8 matrices), OPSO, OQSO, DNA, Count-the-1's (specified bytes), This is a Parking Lot, The Minimum Distance, 3DSpheres, Overlapping Sums, and Runs (up & down) tests, only the K-S tests are reported here.

DIEHARD Battery of Tests Results		
Statistical Test	p-value	
Birthday Spacings	0.983146	
Overlapping 5-Permutation	0.815226	
Binary Rank (31x31)	0.474647	
Binary Rank (32x32)	0.750961	
Binary Rank (6x8)	0.679387	
Bitstream	0.522100	
OPSO	0.371200	
OQSO	0.965900	
DNA	0.753400	
Count-the-1's (byte stream)	0.440757	
Count-the-1's (specified bytes)	0.268900	
This is a Parking Lot	0.479416	
The Minimum Distance	0.870736	
3DSpheres	0.894333	
Squeeze	0.531706	
Overlapping Sums	0.090995	
Runs (up)	0.728846	
Runs (down)	0.663521	
Craps (no. of wins)	0.599130	
Craps (throws/game)	0.134858	

Table 3 — DIEHARD Test Suite Results for PQ4000KU.

¹ https://web.archive.org/web/20160113163414/http://stat.fsu.edu/pub/diehard/diehard.zip